

*ДО 100-РІЧЧЯ НАВС: ПРАДИЦІЇ ПЛА СУЧАСНІ НАПРЯМИ РОЗВИТКУ
НАУКОВИХ ШКІЛ НАВС У РЕАЛІЗАЦІЇ ПРІНЦИПІВ ПУБЛІЧНОЇ БЕЗПЕКИ
ПЛА ПОРЯДКУ*

federal agencies have the “cream of the crop” of law enforcement officers. Lower pay and less integrity are identified as two major reasons for corruption and these conditions exist far more often in local and state agencies[2, с.4].

The expectation of the police to regulate morality while respecting civil liberties, cracking down on clandestine activities while obeying regulations on how information is obtained and evidence gathered, enforcing regulations dealing with economic enterprise while remaining immune to the temptations create tension and contradiction. One result of this is corruption.

References:

1. The Anti-Corruption Network for Transition Economies – OECD. URL: <https://www.oecd.org/corruption/acn/39972270.pdf>
2. Заходи запобігання та протидії корупції в органах поліції. URL: <http://fmd.kh.ua/news/zahodi-zapobigannya-ta-protidiyi-koruptsiyi-v-organah-politsiyi.html>

Бразалук Максиміліан Юрійович

студент 2-го курсу ННІ №3 НАВС

Консультант з мови: Козубенко І.В

викладач кафедри іноземних мов
Національної академії внутрішніх справ

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AS A MAJOR PROBLEM IN OUR SOCIETY

The matter of domestic violence has always been one of the main in public relations. It is primarily due to the problem of the relationship between man and woman in particular husband and wife.

It should be noted, that domestic violence include physical, verbal, emotional, economic, religious, reproductive and sexual abuse [4]. One aspect is that domestic violence is not discriminatory. Any person of any race, age, sexual orientation, religion or gender can become a victim or perpetrator of domestic violence. This can happen to people who are married, living together, or dating. These affects people of all socioeconomic strata and levels of education.

It is known, domestic violence includes behavior that causes physical harm, causes fear, prevents the partner from doing what he wants, or makes him behave the way he does not want to [5].

In general, domestic violence is a real enough problem, so the goal of this work is to develop recommendations for its identification and prevention.

As said before, domestic violence can take the form of physical, sexual, psychological influence.

It is also important to mention that psychological abuse is:

- ignoring the feelings of a woman
- humiliation of beliefs that are of value to her

*ДО 100-РІЧЧЯ НАВС: ПРАДИЦІЇ ПЛА СУЧАСНІ НАПРЯМИ РОЗВИТКУ
НАУКОВИХ ШКІЛ НАВС У РЕАЛІЗАЦІЇ ПРІНЦИПІВ ПУБЛІЧНОЇ БЕЗПЕКИ
ПЛА ПОРЯДКУ*

- humiliation of a woman
- pet bullying in the eyes of a woman in order to hurt her
- punishment of children by a man, when insulting a woman
- restrictions on freedom of action and movement
- threats to cause physical or economic harm

Signs of financial abuse can also be highlighted:

- prohibiting the victim from working or attending school.
- sabotage job opportunities by causing visible injuries to the victim before an important meeting.
- danger of employment by stalking or stalking a victim in the workplace.
- denial of access to the vehicle or damage to the vehicle so that the victim cannot get to work.
- sabotage educational opportunities by destroying classroom activities.
- retention of money or provision of benefits.
- denied access to bank accounts.
- concealment of family assets.
- debt in the name of the victim [6].

It may take some time before victims of domestic violence realize their situation as they are. Abuse often leaves physical traces, from bruises and bone fractures to shortness of breath and involuntary trembling. Seeming more prone to «accidents» than the average person, it can be a warning sign that someone is being abused. Victims of violence can also suffer short-term and long-term emotional and psychological consequences, including feelings of confusion or hopelessness, depression, anxiety, panic attacks, and post-traumatic stress disorder [1].

Unfortunately in Ukraine there is also domestic violence and despite the fact that physical and psychological violence in families has always occurred, by 2019 in Ukraine it was considered an administrative offense by law. That is, the beatings, humiliation and insults of the offenders were often punished in the form of fines or community service.

The law on countering domestic violence, which provides for criminal liability, was adopted in Ukraine in 2017, but it only came into force in January 2019. The first sentence in the history of Ukraine for domestic violence was handed down in Mykolaiv region in April 2019 [3].

Realizing the danger of domestic violence by Ukrainian law enforcement agencies, a Polina project was created. These response groups are designed to respond to cases of domestic violence [2].

As a conclusion, domestic violence is a major problem in our society, which is expressed by physical, verbal, emotional, economic, religious, reproductive and sexual abuse. It is not discrimination and anyone can suffer from it. Domestic violence against children is a particularly serious problem. Most victims of

*ДО 100-РІЧЧЯ НАВС: ПРАДИЦІЇ ПІА СУЧАСНІ НАПРЯМИ РОЗВИТКУ
НАУКОВИХ ШКІЛ НАВС У РЕАЛІЗАЦІЇ ПРІНЦИПІВ ПУБЛІЧНОЇ БЕЗПЕКИ
ПІА ПОРЯДКУ*

domestic violence are women. Men also suffer from it, but are more likely to emerge from a situation of violence.

References:

1. Domestic Violence. URL: <https://www.psychologytoday.com/intl/basics/domestic-violence>
2. За домашнє насильство – за грати: як в Україні та світі борються зі знущанням у родині. URL: https://zik.ua/news/2019/11/22za_domashnie_nasylstvo_za_hraty_yak_v_ukraini_ta_sviti_boriatsia_zi_znushchanniam_u_rodyni_946146
3. З насильством у родинях борються «Поліна». URL: <http://n-slovo.com.ua/2019/11/28/>
4. The Protection of Women From Domestic Violence Act, 2005 No. 43 Of 2005. URL: http://chdsla.gov.in/right_menu/act/pdf/domviolence.pdf (дата звернення: 13.09.2005).
5. What is Domestic Violence? – Center for family justice. URL: <https://centerforfamilyjustice.org/faq/domestic-violence/>
6. What Is Domestic Violence? URL: <https://www.thehotline.org/is-this-abuse/abuse-defined/>.

Вітвіцька Наталія Володимирівна
слухач магістратури 1-го курсу ННІ №3 НАВС
Консультант з мови: Козубенко І.В
викладач кафедри іноземних мов
Національної академії внутрішніх справ

***TRAFFICKING IN CHILDREN AS A COMPLETE PROBLEM OF THE
MODERN WORLD***

Freedom, first and foremost, as a biological and social being, is one of the main values of a modern civilized society, and ensuring the inviolability of individual freedom is one of the main functions of the state.

Trafficking in human beings in the modern world is one of the most brutal mass violations of human rights and freedoms. The social threat to trafficking in human beings as an extremely dangerous crime is to encroach on the inalienable human rights of the right to respect, liberty and personal integrity, freedom of movement and free choice of place of residence, and sometimes the right to life.

According to the International Organization for Migration (IOM), the annual worldwide trade of 1.2 million children is estimated at one billion US dollars.

Today, the problem of trafficking in children in Ukraine is considered as a component of trafficking in human beings as a whole or as part of a system for protecting children from ill-treatment. Children are a special category of victims of trafficking or other illicit human rights as the most vulnerable and vulnerable social stratum of society.