

**KARMAZA O.**

Doctor of Law Sciences,  
Professor at the Department  
of Civil Law and Procedure  
*(Ukrainian State University  
of Finance and International Trade)*

**FEATURES OF REGISTRATION OF THE RIGHT TO INHERITANCE  
IN BODIES OF LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT:  
ISSUES OF IMPLEMENTATION OF LEGAL PROVISIONS**

After the death the person usually leaves the heritage, which includes all the rights and duties that belonged to it as the testator at the time of opening of the inheritance and that have not stopped as a result of its death. It is well-known that the procedure (process) of registration of rights to inheritance in the notarial procedure is multistage and long-lasting. In addition, over the years the number of civil cases of inheritance increases. Therefore, the topic of inheritance (in the light of the use of material and procedural regulations), which since the establishment of our state, and till today is the issue of research of scholars, subjects of legislative initiative, students, lawyers, and citizens – subjects of hereditary relations.

Supporting the idea of improvement (simplification) of registration of inheritance rights in the notarial procedure, we believe that the legislation of Ukraine may follow the regulation of German law on notaries in the implementation of online system of arranging to visit a notary and electronic preparation of all the documents. In Germany, the individual visit to the notary occurs usually only when there are vexed issues or ones requiring additional explanation of subjects of notarial procedure. Usually notary receives, prepares and sends the necessary documents to citizens electronically for review. At the appointed time people come to notary only to sign them or approve their signature. That time spent in the notary's office is minimized. Thus, the advantage of the Notary Chamber of Ukraine in the future may be driving all notarial acts electronically; "equalization" of the action of electronic documents and paper ones; grant of the right to the notary to receive necessary documents from the public authorities and stakeholders electronically; electronic (online) procedure of arrangement to visit notary. It should be also noted that in order to provide confidential information about individuals who apply to the notary and who are the subjects of notarial procedures, in notary's offices there should necessarily be specialists closely monitoring the software and solving problems that arise in electronic communication.

