

In addition, the parties undertook to apply legal regulation of production and trade of domorphine, cocaine, medical opium, heroin and their derivatives. In this way, the United States has assumed the responsibility of being a world leader in combating illegal drug trafficking, which prompted the government of this country to create a specialized unit for combating illegal drug trafficking yet at the beginning of the 20th century [3].

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## **FEATURES OF POLICE ACTIVITY IN THE CONDITIONS OF MARTIAL LAW**

In the conditions of martial law, police activity undergoes significant changes as law enforcement is tasked with maintaining public order and security under heightened and often exceptional circumstances. The specifics can vary based on the laws and regulations of the country implementing martial law.

Article 8 of the Law of Ukraine "On the National Police" is supplemented by part four, which provides that during martial law, the police act in accordance with the purpose and specifics of their activities, taking into account those restrictions on the rights and freedoms of citizens, as well as the rights and legal interests of legal entities, which are determined in accordance with the Constitution of

Ukraine and the Law of Ukraine "On the Legal Regime of Martial Law".

In general, during the period of martial law, three laws of Ukraine were adopted, which in particular related to the National Police Amendments to the Law of Ukraine "On the National Police", which will be in effect temporarily, for the period of martial law, providing national security and deterring armed aggression of the Russian Federation and/or other states against Ukraine and 60 days thereafter. So what changed for the National Police during the period of martial law on the territory of Ukraine?

1. Uniformity of police officers. Article 20 of the Law of Ukraine "On the National Police" has undergone changes concerning the wearing of a special badge. Accordingly, during the period of martial law, a police officer performing official duties in civilian clothes is not required to carry a special badge [1].

2. Certification of police officers. According to the new wording of Article 57 of the Law, certification of police officers can be carried out to determine compliance with the position held. Since it was forbidden to conduct attestation of police officers during martial law, persons who were transferred to a higher position without conducting attestation must undergo attestation within 60 days from the date of the end of martial law [2].

3. New investigation rules:

- official investigation is conducted in the form of written proceedings;
- can be carried out both by a disciplinary commission and by one person, in particular by an authorized manager;
- must be completed within 15 days (the deadline can be extended for another 15 days).
- The police have expanded rights to use improvised means and coercive measures.
- Use of technical devices by police officers. The police are allowed to use the following technical devices during wartime:
  - photo and video equipment, including equipment that works in automatic mode for recording offenses;
  - technical devices and technical means for detecting radiation, chemical, biological and nuclear threats;
  - unmanned aerial vehicles;
  - special technical means of checking for the presence of alcohol intoxication.

The process of establishing the legal framework that forms the model of service by police officers in wartime continues until now,

but the general framework has been formed and needs to be improved in accordance with international standards and taking into account the experience already gained.

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## **HISTORICAL ASPECTS AND MODERN TECHNOLOGIES IN THE MILITARY SECTOR BASED ON FOREIGN PRIMARY SOURCES**

Technologies in the military sector have always been a significant element of the success of military operations. Many primary sources from other countries mention the significant impact of technologies on military events in various historical periods.

One of the most well-known examples of technology use in the military sector is the invention of firearms, which significantly changed the military history of Europe and other regions of the world. The German master Johann Gutenberg is considered the inventor of firearms, who developed the first weapon models in the early 14th century. Later, in the second half of the 15th century, firearms were widely used in battles on the European continent, as well as in India and China [p. 92–94].

Any war is the best breeding ground for the military industry. The First World War was no exception, which introduced a whole range of new types of weapons that were first used during the war. In English-language primary sources, information can be found about the significant impact of technologies on the First World War, noting that the war became the first large-scale armed conflict in which