

disproportionately high crime rates. A key challenge in contemporary policing is finding ways to create trust between officers and the communities they serve, where the police are sometimes viewed as an occupying force. Today's police must understand that fulfilling their role in society requires nuance and consideration of sensitivities, which is a core plank of university policing and criminology programs.

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### **FOREIGN EXPERIENCE OF POLICE AND CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION AGENCIES: COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS AND IMPACT ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE UKRAINIAN SYSTEM**

As of today, it is necessary to state that the modern world is dynamically developing, new crimes are emerging, and the methods of their commission are becoming more complex. This necessitates the continuous improvement of the methods of work of police and criminal investigation agencies [1, p.85]. In just the last 5 years, according to Interpol data, the number of cybercrimes has increased by 30%, human trafficking by 25%, and illegal drug trafficking by 20%. In this context, it is important to study and adopt the best foreign experience.

The systems of police and criminal investigation agencies in different countries of the world have their own characteristics, determined by historical, political, economic and other factors.

First, in the USA the system of police agencies is decentralized, there are FBI (federal crimes) and police departments (local crimes). Investigations are conducted by FBI investigators and police department detectives. Modern technologies (DNA analysis, fingerprinting, video surveillance, computer forensics) are used, as well as crime prevention programs and public awareness campaigns [2, p.304].

In particular, the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) is responsible for investigating federal crimes, such as terrorism (the Boston Marathon bombing in 2013), organized crime (the Gambino mafia case in 2018), and cybercrime (the "DarkSide" data breach at Colonial Pipeline in 2021). Police departments in each state and city are responsible for local crimes (the Parkland school shooting in 2018, the Jack the Ripper serial killings in 1888).

Police and investigators actively use modern technologies, such as DNA analysis (use of DNA analysis to convict O.J. Simpson in 1995), fingerprinting (use of fingerprints to identify the perpetrator in the John Lennon murder case in 1980), video surveillance (use of video surveillance cameras to investigate the Boston Marathon bombing in 2013), and computer forensics (use of computer methods to investigate cyberattacks on Colonial Pipeline in 2021) [3, p.19].

In Great Britain the system of police agencies is centralized, with territorial divisions of the Metropolitan Police Service. Investigations are conducted by detectives of the police service. There is an independent agency Serious Fraud Office (economic crimes). Modern investigative methods are applied (offender profiling, motive analysis).

Moreover, in this model of regulation by the state of the above-mentioned methods, such categories are applied as offender profiling (creation of the "Yorkshire Ripper" offender profile in the 1970s), motive analysis (identification of the motive of the offender in the Stephen Lawrence murder case, etc.).

On the other hand, in France the system of police agencies is decentralized, with the National Police (public order) and the Gendarmerie (rural areas, military functions). Investigations are conducted by police and gendarmerie investigators. There is an independent agency Parquet national financier (economic crimes). Innovative methods are used (visual reconstruction of the crime, 3D modeling of the scene).

In Germany the system of police agencies is federal, with Bundespolizei (federal crimes) and Landespolizei (local crimes). Investigations are conducted by Landespolizei investigators. There is a

federal agency Bundeskriminalamt (coordination of Landespolizei work, investigation of complex crimes). The focus is on crime prevention (youth programs, social assistance).

The best practices of foreign agencies include the use of modern technologies, cooperation with the public, the application of innovative investigative methods and the focus on crime prevention [4].

Second, the adoption of the best foreign experience can help Ukraine create a more effective and modern system of police and criminal investigation agencies, which will contribute to reducing the crime rate and ensuring public safety.

Third, the impact on the development of the Ukrainian system consists of the following theses.

1.Implementation of modern technologies and investigative methods.

- Use of DNA analysis. Application of DNA analysis for identification of criminals and evidence of crimes. This can help solve crimes that were previously considered unsolved, as well as identify criminals who were previously unknown.

- Use of fingerprinting. Application of fingerprinting for identification of criminals by fingerprints. This can help solve crimes that were committed without witnesses or other obvious evidence.

- Use of computer forensics. Application of computer forensics to investigate cybercrimes. This can help solve crimes that were committed online, as well as identify criminals who use computers to commit crimes.

2.Improving police-community cooperation.

- Crime prevention programs. Development and implementation of crime prevention programs with community participation. This can help reduce the crime rate, as well as increase public trust in the police.

- Information campaigns. Conducting information campaigns to raise public awareness of crime.

- Public awareness campaigns. Conducting information campaigns to raise public awareness of crime and how to prevent it. This can help people protect themselves from criminals, as well as help the police solve crimes [5, p.97].

3.Development and implementation of crime prevention programs.

- Youth programs. Development and implementation of youth programs to prevent crime among young people. This can help reduce the number of young people who commit crimes, as well as help them become productive members of society.

- Social programs. Development and implementation of social programs to address the problems that contribute to crime, such as poverty,

unemployment, and drug addiction. This can help reduce the number of crimes, as well as make society more just.

These are just some of the possible directions for the development of the Ukrainian system of police and criminal investigation agencies based on foreign experience.

Therefore, studying and adopting the best foreign experience is an important factor in the development of the Ukrainian system of police and criminal investigation agencies. This will allow them to improve their work efficiency, reduce the crime rate and ensure public safety.

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