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CRIME PREVENTION IN THE FIELD OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING

With the development of the rule of law, the issues of protection of the rights and freedoms of all citizens become especially relevant. According to the Constitution of Ukraine “a person, his life and health, honor and dignity, inviolability and security are recognized the highest social value”, and the main obligation of the state - the establishment and protection of human rights and freedoms (Article 3) [2]. Therefore, human trafficking is a gross violation is used at the international level as a crime punishable by law.

The spread of this phenomenon is also facilitated by the following factors such as increasing population mobility, labor migration, rising unemployment among women, increasing public access to the Internet, which is virtually uncontrolled, in terms of law, and often used for selfish and even criminal purposes.

The mechanism of trade includes recruitment, abduction, transportation, concealment, transfer from hand to hand, sale or buying people through various means of coercion, use of force, deception or fraud to turn them into slaves or to enslave them conditions, coercion to prostitution, domestic slavery.

The main elements in the act of trade are:

- fraud;
- violence;
- debt bondage;
- exploitation for selfish purposes, for which deception, violence or debt bondage are used.

Trafficking can take various forms and may involve:

1. - sexual exploitation, including prostitution;
2. - forced labour or services;
3. - slavery, servitude and related practices;
4. - the removal of vital organs.

Trafficking can also take the form of exploitation for the purpose of forced criminality, such as pickpocketing, shoplifting and drug trafficking. [3]

The main directions of state policy in the field anti-trafficking are:

1) prevention of human trafficking by increasing the level of public awareness, preventive work, reducing the level of vulnerability of the population, overcoming demand;

2) fight against crime related to trade by detecting crimes of trafficking in human beings, persons involved in the commission of a crime, bringing them to justice;

3) providing assistance and protection to victims of trafficking in human beings by improving the system restoration of their rights, provision of a complex of services, introduction of the mechanism of interaction of subjects in the field of counteraction to human trafficking.

Therefore, our country takes the following preventive measures:

1. Study of the peculiarities of the problems of children and youth in the aspect of prevention of human trafficking, as well as study of the peculiarities of the motivation of young people for employment, study, recreation abroad.

2. Formation of positive motivation of young people to perceive social services and encourage young people to learn information about combating human trafficking.

3. The next element of "self-help" is directing young people to self-help in the direction of preventing human trafficking through the provision of information services about institutions and organizations that solve such problems; and also the development of the volunteer movement, student social services of extracurricular educational work.

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THE USE OF WEAPON BY THE POLICE OFFICERS DURING MARTIAL LAW

Police activities in martial law conditions take on an exceptionally important significance, since it is during this period that the internal affairs bodies become one of the key elements of the national security system, ensuring the stability of the state and the protection of the civilian population from military threats [1]. Unlike